MUSIC.

THE LAST OF THE GLEE EVENINGS. The entertainments given by the English Glee Club under the management of Mr. George E. Atken have been among the pleasantest musical diversions which the season has brought forth, and the fact that the last of them was given last night in Chickering Hall cannot be recorded without an expression of regret that the concerts were not more frequent and numerous. New York is richly supplied with symphonic concerts, and there is no longer any neglect of the choral culture which not many years ago had sunk into somnolency, so that the more serious ends of music are amply subserved. Under these circumstances the Glee Club has a well-defined mission, and so long as it fulfils it in the future as admirably as it has in the past it will meet the approbation and encouragement of all lovers of music. It is well to play sometimes even in music, and it is a matter of public congratulation that there has been an organization which has consistently cared that the diversion which it provided should never b of a kind to vitiate the taste of its patrons. An occasional fault might have been found with the ballad sejections of its individual members (as last night with Mr. Raird's and Mrs. Anderson's), but the catches, glees, madrigals and part-songs which of their kind, and have helped have been

amples of their kind, and have helped keep alive the interest in a style of musical composition whichis peculiarly English, and which, if for patriotic reasons if for no other, we ought not to forget while pressing forward in the vastly nobler and higher paths which the Germans have opened for us.

The concerts have been well attended, and there has been each time a feeling of warmest sympathy between the singers and listeners. The performances of the club have been notable for refinement of expression, a nicely maintained balance among the voices, and a manufation of the standard of the saved the ears from all rude shocks and gave keen pleasure to the musical sense. The unerting musical instincts of Miss Beebe have contributed much to point to another singer who fills her part in any other province as Miss Beebe does hers in this. The enemole has always shown a nice adjustment of all the factors. Simply to complete the record of those who have continuously contributed their share to the club's work, we append the names of Mrs. Sarah B. Anderson, Mr. William Dennison, Mr. George Ellard, Mr. W. B. Beekett, Mr. Aiken and Mr. Florio, a musicianly accompanist.

MISS MARGULIES'S SECOND CONCERT. Miss Margulies's pianoforte concerts, of which the second was given last night in Chickering Hall, have served the purpose of affording entertainment to large audiences in a generous degree, but we question whether they have been altogether well-advised so far as the concert-giver is concerned. There is no dearth of pianoforte music of a high order in our consert scason, even though we have not too much of it, but to meet the expectations aroused by the currous plan on which these are arranged, one must be an than ordinary excellence. Miss Margulles, we believe, is quite alone among local planists as a representative of the musical education which is given at the Vienna Conservatory; from that school which has received considerable fustre from its representatives on the operatic stage, she carried the first prize. Nevertheless, to be natural limitations have stopped her development before reaching the line which separates the simple pianist from the artist. She seldom plays without sporadically exciting admiration, but there plays without sporadically exciting admiration, but there is always a consciousness of a sad lack of poetic insight and real musical feeling. The Chopin fantasia played last night emphasized this fact; it was performed as if there was nothing in it but the notes. But Miss Marguilles's concerts have been exceptional in the extra altractions offered. In the first Mr. Thomas and his orchestra participated, and last night her helpers were Mr. and Mrs. Georg Henschel, who sang solos and duets to the enthusiastic delight of the numerous andience, in the highly artistic and sympathetic manner that we had occasion to commend when recently the artist couple gave their recitals in Chickering Hall. AN OPERA 10 BE PRESENTED FOR CHARITY.

A full dress rehearsal of "Iolanthe" was given last evening before a large audience at the Academy of Music, by amateurs, under the auspices of the Ladies Dramatic Union. The scenery and dressing of the opera were attractive, and the performance was excellent, the only drawback being the long waits. The performance will take place to-morrow evening for the benefit of the fund for establishing a Home for Chronic Invalids.

MR. SCHURZ PUTS II ASIDE.

DECLINING TO RECEIVE THE TESTIMONIAL FUND OF \$100,000.

The report that some friends of Carl Schurz were engaged in raising \$100,000, to be presented to him as a testimonial was correct. Mr. Schurz on hear-ing of it, however, requested his friends to desist from the undertaking, in the following letter:

the undertaking, in the following letter:

No. 45 East Sixty-eighth-at., New-York, Priday, March 21, 1884. 
My DEAR MR. SCHWAB: I saw THE TRIBUXE only late this afternoon, and found in it a statement that some of my friends were engaged in raising a fund of \$100,000 to be presented to me. Upon further inquiry I learn the treasurer of a committee organized for in the presented to me. Upon further inquiry I learn that you are the treasurer of a committee organized for that you are the treasurer of a committee organized for that purpose, and that a very considerable part of the sum named is already available. Let me confess to you that this matter is very embarrassing to me—not as though I were in doubt as to the general line of conduct to follow, but because I should be exceedingly sorry, in obeying my impulse, to do anything that might in the cleast be hable to be interpreted as a want of appreciation on my part of the generous metives of my firends who or my part of the generous metives of my firends who or my part of the generous metives of my firends who prepared hits valuable surprise for me. Let me assure you that I enteem it a great honor to have such friends, and that I am proud of being thought by them deserving of such rewards. Nobody can appreciate this more than I do. At the same time I feed as if I could not accept such sums of money without giving a proper equivalent for them. This may be a mere matter of feeling, but as such it is of great importance to the person concerned. To this feeling I should have given decided expression had I been consulted when this enterprise was begun I consider it, therefore, proper, before any formal presentation is made to me, to ask, through you, my friends to forgive me if, with the highest possible appreciation of their generous sentiments. I feel jobliged to decline in advance this valuable sign of their friendship and esteem, so that no further steps be taken; and I wish to say further that I shall be indebted to you, dear Mr. Schwah, if you will kindly return to the respective contributors the various shows pad into this fund. I am, cordially and gratefully, your friend.

C. SCHUEZ.

C. SCHUEZ.

C. SCHUEZ.

YACHTSMEN IN COUNCIL AND AT DINNER.

At a meeting of the New-York Yacht Club last night Edward E. Chase was elected vice-commodore in place of William P. Douglass, who, on account of pochealth, was obliged to decline the office to which he was elected at the last meeting. A committee of five was ap; pointed to remonstrate with Congress in regard to the bil which requires that steam yachts aball take pilots on en-tering and leaving port. Other yacht clubs were requested to co-operate with the New-York to secure the defeat of the bill. members of the Seawanhaka Yacht Club had

The members of the Seawanhaka Yaoht Club had their annual dinner at Deluonico's last evening. About fifty members were present. After the meeting toats were drank, speeches were made, and songs were sung. The health of ex-Commodore W. A. W. Stewart, who is absent in the South, was drank with more than usual en-thusiasm.

TRANSATLANTIO TRAVELLERS.

Among the arrivals by the steamship Celtic yesterday were E. D. Appleton, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Aln, N. M. Hateson, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Beebe, Miss E. M. Buckwell, Mr. and Mrs. S. Barling, G. Buckley, Mrs. Benham, A. C. Case, H. W. K. Cutter, Miss J. A. Dougall, C H. Hunter, E. M. Hugentobler, Captain Hughes, Mr. and B. sunter, E. M. Hugentobler, Captain Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Haydon, M. and MrS. F. R. Halsey, W. J. Jack-son, H. S. King, Mrs. King, Mr. and Mrs. Copeland Kell Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Kettle, Miss Kate Leavitt, H. D. Page. Mrs. Phineas Prouty, G. H. Redmond, James R. Robert-son, Mr. and Mrs. Hermann Roein, E. B. Sheldon, the Rev. W. F. Stead, C. Turner, Mrs. Taylor, Charles H. Town-send, W. H. Wilson and Jackson Wallace.

THE POE MEMORIAL.

Algernon S. Sullivan, General Charles E. Furioug, William Winter, James W. Davidson, R. L. Harrison and George E. Montgomery, of the Poe Memorial Committee, met R. H. Park, the sculptor, at the Park Avenue Hotel last evening to consult with him about the memorial of Poe, which he is making in his studio in Florence. Mr. Park said that only about one more month's work was needed to complete it, and that it would be shipped so as to reach New-York in the fall.

NOTHING LIKE THE TRIBUNE.

To the Editor of the Tribune. SIR: I have been a constant reader of THE TRIBUNE since about 1850 and I want to say to you that the food which was the strength of my youth is still my joy and delight. There's nothing like THE TRIBUNE, and your editoral notice in this morning's issue, of your determination to give daily reports of the progress of the tempertion to give daily reports of the progress of the temperance cause will meet with a hearty response throughout our State. The interest awakened on the subject of temperance in Fleminston, Bound Brook, Plainfield, Montglar and elsewhere in this part of the State has never been equalled. A large part of this wonderful success is due to the labors of Messrs, Mabee and English, with whose assistance we are confident in less than two years we can paint the State red.

John Krishlaw, Pastor of the Congregational Church.

Bound Brook, N. J., March 24, 1884.

ONE WHEELMAN HEARD FROM. To the Editor of The Tribune.

SIR: Your editorial this morning in regadt to

SPEAKER SHEARD'S RULINGS.

HE HAS FORWARDED THE REFORM BILLS. THE CHARGE THAT HE HAS OBSTRUCTED THEM DUE

TO MALICE-DEMOCRATIC TACTICS. [PROM THE REGULAR CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE.] ALBANY, March 27 .- The members of the Assembly were astonished this morning by reading the preposterous and malicious charge that Speaker Sheard is opposing the New-York Reform bills. For a fortnight they have seen him using all the legitimate powers of his office to push forward these measures, and yesterday even straining those powers to put the bills in a more favorable position.

On Tuesday evening, however, the Assembly tied its own hands in regard to the Reform bills by passing a resolution that the five canal appropriation bills, then on the order of third reading, should be considered immediately after the reading of the journal on Wednesday. The Speaker had no other course than to call up the Canal bills for a third reading. The demand of Mr. Olliver and other Democrats that these bills should be read had no effect on the Speaker's determination; he would have had them read in any case, to fulfil the Assembly's order.

SUPPORTING THE PRIENDS OF THE BILLS. As soon as the Canal bills had been considered, the Speaker recognized Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Husted in the various motions they made to bring up the New-York Reform bills, and sustained them till the bills were regularly before the Assembly.

OBSTRUCTIVE MOTIONS OF THE DEMOCRATS. The Democratic Assemblymen resumed their tactics against the bills at the opening of the session of the Assembly this morning. But their move-ment was without spirit, and after about an hour's debate was abandoned. W. E. Smith moved that the journal of yesterday be corrected. He especially complained of the version given of Mr. Husted's motion to have all the bills set aside that were on the order of third reading

aside that were on the order of third reading and the New-York bills taken up for consideration. Mr. Husted stated that the journal correctly gave his motion, and further that he first became aware of this interesting piece of legislative machinery while serving in a Democratic Assembly.

Mr. Littlejolin gave aid to the Democrats by pointing out that the titles of the bills laid aside were not given in the journal. Mr. Rice then made a long speech in favor of correcting the journal. Mr. Husted calmly accepted all of Mr. Rice's compliments regarding the disputed motion, and then abruptly ended the Democratic opposition by moving that the journal be approved as it stood. This terminated the conflict. The journal was ordered approved by the Republican vote.

flict. The journal was ordered approved by Republican vote.

Mr. Roosevelt states he does not intend to 'stifle discussion on the Reform bills, and that he will give ample opportunity to the Democrats to amend or debate the measures.

The Speaker cited the following dispatch as testifying to his sincerity in aiding the bills:

ALBANT, March 26.

fying to his sincerity in aiding the bills:

Albany, March 26.

The Hon, William M. Evarts, New York:

I wish to assure you that Speaker Sheard is openly and heartily in favor of the New-York Reform bills, and will do all he can to insure their passage.

Theodore Roosevelt.

DEFEATING THE RAPID TRANSIT BILL.

THE TERMS OF THE COMMISSIONERS NOT TO BE

ALBANY, March 27.-The bill extending the terms of the Rapid Transit Commissioners in New-York, and practically authorizing the construction of a large number of cable reads in that city, was defeated in the Assembly to-day. This action of the Assembly was not altogether virtuous. The horse railroads of New-York have east their influence in favor of the General Street Railway bill that was passed by the Senate last night. Mr-Roosevelt said that he thought members might follow a motto be had adopted for his course toward the two bills: "Kill dog, kill devil." He intended to use the street railway dog to kill the cable devil, and then kill the dog. From all that he bad heard concerning the amendments made to the Street Railway bill in the Senate he was convinced that the measure was now a most objectionable one, and ought notato receive the vote of an Assembly

OPPOSING THE CANNED GOODS BILL. ALBANY, March 27 .- There was an important hearing before the Assembly Committee on Trades and Manufactures this afternoon, on the bill prohibiting the sale of canned food after January 1, 1885, unless the date upon which the food is canned is stamped thereon. A upon which the food is canned is stamped thereon. A large delegation of canned food dealers appeared in opposition to the bill. They argued that the passage of the bill would completely disarrange their business; in fact, that it would be disastrous to the whole trade in the State of New-York. They asserted that only one-eighth of the goods used is canned in this State; Oregon, Maine and France furnishing the remainder. They considered the bill impracticable, as it could never be enforced. The bill will prophyly be remotted advancy. will probably be reported adversely

MINOR MATTERS OF LEGISLATION.

ALBANY, March 27 .- The Assembly at its vening session passed a dozen bills, but none of importance. There was, however, one notable thing done. Mr. Roosevelt reported, adversely, Senator Culien's bill depriving Street Commissioner Coleman of the power to the bill which was passed as a joke by the Republican Senators on Tuesday last. The Assembly Republicans have considered the bill more seriously, and killed it. Mr. Howe to-day reported from the Committee on

Mr. Howe to-day reported from the Committee on State Prisons a bill relative to the employment of convicts in pentientiaries and reformatories. The bill will in effect abrogate the Comstock law so far as it relates to pentientiaries and reformatories, and allow contracts to be midde, extending not further than July 1, 1885. It was estimated, Mr. Howe said, that about 600 prisoners would be thrown out of employment toward the close of the present year by the operation of the Comstock law. He desired the bill to go to the Committee of the Whole, but a motion by Mr. Hooley to recommit it was carried by a vote of 63 to 50.

Mr. Van Allen introduced a bill allowing the laying of pipes in the city of New York for the conveyance of sait water to be used for fire and sanitary purposes.

In the Senate Mr. Gibert introduced a bill prohibiting the saic of publications devoted to police and criminal In the Senate Mr. Gilbert introduced a bill prohibiting he sale of publications devoted to police and crimina

The Committee on Cities reported back the New-York The committee on the reported base and reew rots. Free and Police bills with amendments grading both services into three, two and one year men, and fixing their compensation respectively at \$1,200, \$1,100 and \$1,000. The bill compelling electric companies to lay wires under ground was ordered to a third reading with the privilege of debate.

OPPOSING DIRECTORS' TICKETS.

The opposing factions contesting for the control of the Colorado Coal and Iron Company have prepared their tickets of directors to be elected at the oming annual meeting. The list presented by the Dener and Rio Graude Rallroad Interest includes the names of John E. Devifh, Walter B. Lawrence, August Rutten, Coleman Benedict and Henry E. Sprague. Two places are left vacant, to be filled by the nomination of the committee of Philadelphia stockholders and two by the selection of prominent citizens of Colorado. The present Palmer party present as candidates Edward Lewis, and F. A. Diek, of Philadelphia, John H. Small, of York, Penn., D. C. Dodge and A. H. Danforth, of Colorado, the present vice-presidents of the company, and Henry Amy, Roast-ter W. Raymond, George P. Peabody and Charles A. Moore, of this city.

To some of the stockholders the Palmer party have

To some of the stockholders the Palmer party have sent a long circular from the investigating committee headed by Spencer Trask, which declares, as a result of its examinations that the contracts heretofore existing between the coal and the radiroad companies should be carried out, and asserts that contrary to the spirit of the contracts the radiroad company makes discriminating rates against the coal company. The Trask committee say that their ticket, if elected, will give the Colorado Coal and Iron stockholders a board of directors devoted solely to the interests of the company, and free from the possibility of aubserving its interest, to that of the Denver and Rio Grande Hallroad.

GRAND ARMY MEN ON THE MINNESOTA.

A meeting of George Washington Post, Grand Army of the Republic, was held on board the United States man-of-war Minnesota, at the foot of West Twenty-seventh-st., last evening. Among those present were Generals M. T. McMahon, Lloyd Aspinwall and Averii, I Paymaster Thompson, of the Navy, Colonels

commending the project to the generosity of the member of the Post. In eight minutes after the meeting had adjourned \$150 had been subscribed for the home. The members of the Post were the guests of Lieutenant Totten, executive officer of the salip, who en tortained them at supper after the meeting.

BOCIAL LIFE IN WASHINGTON.

MRS. SLOCUM'S TEA-MRS. M'MICHAEL RECEIVES-A DINNER PARTY AT SENATOR SHERMAN'S. Washington, March 27 .- A tea was given at the home of Representative Slocum to-day, Mrs. Slo-cum having issued over 600 cards, the invitations including gentlemen. The guests were received by General and Mrs. Slocum, the latter wearing a dress of ruby velvet, with point lace and bouquet of pansies. They were as-sisted by Mrs. Frank Hiscock, who wore blue embossed velvet and satin; Mrs. Philip Sheridan in a trained black satin with front of bright flowered brocade; Miss Gresham, in white China crope, with panels of hand-painted pop-ples; Miss Dodge, in black silk and jetted lace; Miss Clarke, of Bridgeport, Conn., who wore blue silk and Oriental lace; Miss Casey, in prune and heliotrope satin, and Miss Slocum, whose tollet was white brocade with Jacqueminot roses.

Among the merry company were Representatives 8. 8. Cox and Hiscock, Mrs. Warner Miller and sister, Miss Churchill, Senator and Mrs. Dolph and niece, Mrs. Carlisie, Mrs. Morrison Waite, Miss Jessie Benton Fremont entative and the Misses Ranney, Mrs. McElroy and Mrs. Arthur Masten, Representative and Mrs. Rankin, Colonel and Miss Rockwell, Captain Clarke, Mrs. Mahone, Colonel, Mrs. and Miss Ingersoll, Mrs. Jefferds, General Sheridan, Mrs. James Wadsworth, Mrs. C. P. Farrell, Miss Mitchell, Miss Wallach, Mr. Elliott, Lieu tenant Lemley, Mrs. M. V. Sheridan, General Hazen, Mrs. William Frve, Mrs. and Miss Spriggs, Representative and Mrs. Arnot, Representative and Mrs. Stevens, Mrs.

and Mrs. Arnot, Representative and Mrs. Stevens, Mrs. Harris, of Indianapolis; Mrs. B. Harrison, Mrs. and Miss Cullom, Senator and Mrs. Vanc, Mrs. Butterworth, Mrs. John T. Wise, Captain and Mrs. Hoxie, Miss Rucker, Miss Edee, Representative and Miss Thomas, Miss Taylor, Mrs. W. R. Morrison, Delegate and Mrs. Maginnes. Commissioner Loring gave a dinner this evening to ex-Governor Long and a few friends.

There was an unusually large attendance at the reception by Marshal and Mrs. McMichael. Miss Clara Mellon, of Philadelphia, assisted them. The President and Mrs. McElroy, Secretary and Mrs. Chandler, Mrs. Brewster, Speaker and Mrs. Carlisle, Senator and Mr. Hawley, Senator McElroy, Miss Sharpe, Representative Cutin, the Misses Frelinghuysen, Senator and Miss Margaret Blaine, Miss McElroy, Miss Sharpe, Representative Cutin, the Misses Frelinghuysen, Senator and Miss Hill, the Russian Minister and Mrs. De Strueve, the Spanish and French Ministers, General and Mrs. Sheridan, Mr. Loundes, Mr. Dominguez, Señor and Señor and Wise, Mrs. Buer and Mrs. Washington McLean, their daughters, Mrs. Buer and Mrs. Hazen, Commissioner and Mrs. Loring, Count Lippe, Senator Aldrich, Walker Blaine, Marquis of Cervera, Pierra Stevens, Linden Kent and Lieutenant Baboock were among the guests. tenant Babcock were among the guests.

Senator and Mrs. Shorman gave a dinner party! this
evening, entertaining members of the Ohio delegation.

THE UNION CLUB DISCUSSION.

ARGUMENTS AT THE SPECIAL MEETING CONCERN-

ING THE PLAN TO BUY THE DIX MANSION. August Belmont made a speech at the special ecting of the Union Club on Wednesday evening, advocating the proposition to purchase the Dix house and add it to the club building. He was preceded by Edwards Pierrapont, who not forward two resolutions, the first call ing for the acquisition of the property and the second to the effect that the necessary alterations should be delayed until the club was in funds. This latter resolution was offered to meet the objections of those members who pointed out that the proposed purchase and alterations would run the club into debt and ultimately make necessare the levying of an assessment to pay the indebtedness. There was a great deal of lively discussion and arguments for and against the plan were exchanged for nearly two hours. Robert Goelet made the principal argument against the resolutions. Mr. Belmont answered him as already noted. Oliver K. King, the secretary, briefly contended for the plan, and was questioned at considerable

length by various members.

Those in favor of the measure proposed to level the Dix house to the ground and build a structure to correspond with the club building. They estimated that this and with the cub outland. They the furnishing would cost \$65,000 above the amount paid for the property, making a total expenditure of \$115,000, and argued that the additional space desired would be obtained and everybody's comfort subserved. It was contended in answer that \$65,000 would not meet the outlay attendant on such a large building operation and provide for the

was convinced that the measure was now a most objectionable one, and ought notato receive the vote of an Assembly man.

The Assembly Committee on Railroads reported the bill favorably by a vote of d to 5. The six who voted for the havorably pay a vote of d to 5. The six who voted for the havorably report were Sipp, Littlejohn, Owens, Vecder, Darragh and Osborne. The five men who dissented from this report were Dayton, Scott, Kittle, Dominish and Ely. They had drawn up a long protest against the favorable report of the bill. Mr. Dayton read this document to the Assembly. The report declared that no good reasons had been given for extending the terms of the Rapid Transit Commissioners; and that the only effect of such an extension would be to impose upon the city of New-York some seventy miles of cable roads. This system of cables roads in New-York for the securing of rapid transit.

Mr. Van Allen, of New-York moved that the enacting clause of the bill should be stricken out.

Mr. Littlejohn defended the bill on the ground that, if it should be come a law, the residents of New-York would be provided with a better means of transit about the city. The cable system he contended was vasily superior to the present horse railroad system.

Mr. Van Allen's motion was adopted by a vote of 107 to 10.

OPPOSING THE CANNED GOODS BILL.

RETURN OF JAY GOULD.

BENEFITED BY HIS TRIP-A CHAT ON STOCKS. POLITICS AND RAILBOADS.

Jay Gould returned to New-York yesterday after an absence of four weeks, which he has spent yachting in Southern waters. The Atalanta came up the harbor early in the morning and Mr. Gould reached home by 8 o'clock. He attended a special meeting of the Executive Committee of the Western Union Telegraph Company, called to take action on the death of Augustus Schell, but immediately returned to his home. A TRIBUNE reporter called on him last evening. Mr. Gould's face plainly shows that his vacation is been of great benefit to his health. He said that he was greatly improved, remarking incidentally that he had gained six pounds in weight.

Referring to the squeeze in Lackawanna stock, which occurred the second day after he left the city, Mr. Gould aid: "I am not in favor of these violent advances because my experience has taught me that they do more than good. The bears suffer by of course, but in dealing with the bears I think, better way would be to convert by slow and steady advances. Then they would naturally turn to the right side of the market.

"No, I did not visit any part of Cuba except Havana. I went to some sugar plantations about fifteen miles from the city to witness the process of making sugar. Affairs in Cuba are in a very depressed condition, industrially and financially, The price of sugar has declined to a point where it does not pay the cost of manufacture, and the planters see ruin staring them in the face. I returned to this country with great satisfaction; I am con-tent to live here. The South shows signs of great prosperity, although it suffers somewhat from the short cotton crop last year. It is making great preparations for the coming season. I met in my trip a great

certainly a general revival of confidence among an classes. This will be increased by April showers and the sight of green grass.

"I do not think that the political agitation will prevent an advance in stooks. The Democrats will break on the tariff question, and I think the election is virtually decided now. The Democrats will be divided and the Republicans perfectly united on the leading issues.

"I am sorry to learn of the serious differences between the trunk line railroads. I had supposed that they had been settled at the last meeting before I went away. The railroads promised then to abide by their agreements. The present trunk line pool is a rope of sand, and some new plan will have to be adopted. The clearing-house system might be the best, provided the settlements were made frequently enough. If they could be made every day and the railroads be compelled to pay in money any excess over their agreed percentages, the cutting of rates would soon be stopped. Now the railroads agree to maintain pool rates, and as soon as the meeting is over they begin to cheat each other. It was a great sitstake—the building of the West Shore road. There was no real accessity for it and it has proved to be a disturbing element. Some of my friends I had to take almost by the nape of the neck to keep them from going into t. The company will have to have new blood going into it. The company will have to keep them from going into it. The company will have to have new blood in it before it will emerge from its difficulties. The suffer-ing was too tharp and recent to enable the present mana-gers to retain control of it. But there never was any real necessity for it."

WHIRLED TO DEATH BY MILL SHAFTING

LBT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. | BALTIMORE, March 27 .- John W. Dieter, proprietor of extensive flour mills on Little Gunpowder River, met with a terrible death yesterday. Workmen going up stairs a shoritime after discovered his body terribly mangled, entirely nude, and without arms and legs. He had been mashed to a jelly against the floor and celling, as he whirled rapidly around a revolving shaft. He had doubtless tried to arrange some of the belting and had his clothing caught by the machiner.

MARRIED UNDER FALSE NAMES. LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 27 .- Bob Baldwin and Helen Tracy, both of the "Silver King" Company, were married by Rabbi Moses at his residence on Eighthst., near Broadway, under the assumed names of J. W. ANN ARBOR ALUMNI

REUNION AND DINNER AT THE HOTEL DAM.

SPEECHES BY W. HOWARD WAIT, DR. C. L. FORD, MISS CORA TOWNSEND AND OTHERS. The Michigan University Alumni of New-York City held their annual reunion last evening at the Hotel Dam. Graduates of the University representing not only New-York and its vicinity, but Ann Arbor and other Western towns, gathered in the parlors of the hotef, and spent a social hour in renewing old college acquaintances and recollections. The Faculty of the University were represented by Professor C. L. Ford, and among the other grad-nates present were W. Howard Wait, '48, President New-York Alumni Association; Professor De Volson Wood, '59, of Stevens Institute, vicepresident: C. S. Carter. '70, secretary and treasurer: Professor William Soule, of Mount Union, Ohio; Dr. A. Ross Matheson, of Brooklyn; and Miss Cora J. Townsend. Letters of regret were received from James B. Angell, President of Michigan University; Professor C. K. Adams. Professor Moses Coit Tyler, Congressman Byron M. Cutcheon, and others, President Angell wrote:

Fresident Angell wrote:

The University's continually multiplying in numbers and increasing in prospecty. The lengthening of the law term from six n. uths to nine has had a most beneficial effect on that by nch of the University. The most important acquisition of the year has been the gift to the University by Mr. James Macmillan, of Detroit, of his Shakespeare library of 2,000 volumes.

From the pariors the alumni adjourned to the dining-hall. The courses were interspersed with

lively college songs, led by L. M. Iddings. The first address was delivered by the President of the Association, W. Howard Wait. He said: These occasions are of growing importance to men of our position. There was a time when noble manhood made its own mark and took its right position. Now it is not the men of brains who monopolize the public attention, but the men of money. Thus it behooves literary and professional men to seek fellowship more often among themselves, and encourage there the true standard of intellect.

Mr. Wait then introduced Dr. C. L. Ford, who

Mr. Wait then introduced Dr. C. L. Ford, who responded to the toast "The University." He said:

Lam here to tell you simply what we have done, what we are doing, and what we sim in the future to accomplish. The greatest advance, perhaps, has been made in the department of chemistry. Our chemical laboratory is a genuine specimen of evolution. We have added, within the last year, a water-tower, a ground extension, and a third story, From two to three hundred students now have working facilities in the building. A building for histological work has been recently constructed. Here we have from twenty-five to thirty of the have from twenty-five to thirty of the best inferoscopes in the country, and from three to four hundred students are educated there each year. We are educating expert workers. A mechanical laboratory has recently been constructed, where men are taught to work in wood and metals. Some years ago, you vill remember, the State Legislature appropriated \$40,000 for a Museum of Natural History. This has been built and its extensively used. Members of the medical profession will be rejoiced to know that we have extended largely the medical course. It is now six mouths instead of nine. The examination is made purely on the basis of fitness for the profession, and a requirement has been made of three years of attendance. To a certain extent the classes are taught separately. We have also established a hospital which has been an eminent success. Into the medical department, agalo, we have recently introduced a course in bottany. The two medical colleges are distinct and do not interfere—the College of Medicine and Surgery and the Hommopathin Medical College. The two have in common the department of anatomy, with the other branches separate. We live in peace, agreeing to differ and having no conflict. The law term been extended so that its commencement will come at the regular commencement time, unstead of in March, as heretofore. The Dental College is apparate and special. Graduales are admitted to practise responded to the toast "The University." He said:

Other toasts were responded to as follows: "The Alumni," C. H. Denison; "Dr. Tappau's Days," B. T. Blair : "Faculty Meetings," Professor De Volson Wood, "The Medical Profession," Dr. J. A. Milne; "Scientific Studies," Professor William Soule: "The Student," Floyd B. Wilson,

Soule; "The Student," Floyd B. Wilson.

Miss Townsend, a graduate of the class of '78, who was present with her brother, also a graduate, responded to the toast, "The Laddes of the University." Miss Townsend is a pretty and modest person and was exceedingly well dressed. She said that young women attended the University that they might get an education more suited to them than if they studied by themselves. She thought that it made them sharper to come in contact with men and women rather than all women. It was not that they were strong-minded. Their principles were those of Dr. Dix rather than those of Miss Lillie Devereux Blake. Miss Townsend was heartily applauded. was heartily applauded.

RECALLING SCHOOL DAYS OVER WINE. DINNER OF PHILLIPS EXETER ACADEMY ALUMNI-TOASTS AND SPEAKERS.

One of the smaller dining-rooms of the Hotel Brunswick was crowded with a joyous party of gentleof Phillips Exeter Academy. There were fifty alumni and friends, and when they were not engaged with the good things set before them they were talking about the old academy, and the jolly times of the past. Up at the head of the table was Artemas H. Holmes. After the clears were lighted Mr. Holmes proposed the health of "The Trustees," while was responded to by George S Hale, of Boston. Then "The Academy" was tousted and Professors Cillery and Tufts told what they knew of the ancient institution. The Rev. D. G. W. Wildes, of Riversdale, of the class of, 35, made some hard hits at "The Alumni," and then the Rev. Robert Collyer spoke about " The Church," and was cheered to the echo. Mayo

W. Hazeltine toasted "The Press." E. B. Merrill, as chairman of the Committee on Organzation, reported that there were 650 graduates of the academy who in all probability would become members of the association. It was desired to complete, he said, a fund of \$200,000, of which \$50,000 had already been given, to build a gymnasium and a dormitory. The following officers were elected: President, Charles E. Soulos owing once and the control of the co

committee, Messrs. Holmes, Wildes, MacVeagh and Hutchins.

After both dinner and meeting the well-satisfied and heaming alumni sat about the table and until an early hour in the morning told storles of school-life. The venerable Dr. Wildes's imagination or memory was most prolifie of school tales, and bad his parents known what a wicked school boy he was in 35 he might have had a warm time of it. Dr. Barker also said something which started Mr. Collyer, who, if he did not attend Phillips, had recollections of interest. Among the persons present were Charles Wister, of Philadelphia, Dr. Perkins, of Brooklyn, James Elliott and Thomas F. Wentworth.

THE MURDERER GREENING'S REAL NAME. A LOUDED FAMILY HISTORY IN WHICH ARSON AND MURDER FIGURE.

MILFORD, Penn., March 27,-The name of John F. Greening, who was convicted on Sunday last of murdering Ammi C. Cheever, in Dingman township, Pike County, should really be John F. Riley. This fact first occurred to an old gentleman named Quick. He says that about sixty years ago John Riley got in some difficulty in the lower part of Sussex County, N. J., and to es cape from it, left the State and settled in the woods, ten les from Milford. He changed his name to Greening He made the first clearing on the Rattlesnake Creek. He had two children, both bays. One of them is now notor-lous as "Old Jerry" Greening. The other was John W. The farm cleared by John Riley is now owned by Madame Ponisi, of Wallack's Theatre. It does not appear on the records of this county that John Riley, or Greening, ever had any title to the property. He died in 1847, and in the county records of the following year a deed was entered conveying the property from Allen Cuthbert, of Philadelphia, to John W. Greening. It is now supposed that this gaining of title to the farm by purchase of the legal owner by John W. Greening was the cause of the bitter foud that existed between him and his brother "Jerry."

There has long been a story current that the "Jerry Greening family once killed a pedler and secreted his Greening family once billed a pedier and secreted his body in a well in the backwoods. It is now said by some that it was old John Riley who was suspected of killing a pedier while he hved in New-Jersey, and that was why he left the State to accept unishment for arson, having burned several buildings to revenge himself on a neighbor. Whatever may have prompted him to leave New-Jersey, he is remembered as a rough, boisterous and troublesome man—combative, vindictive, and these qualities were innerited by his son "Jerry," and his sons in turn. John W. Greening was a good clizen.

The fact that the Greenings' name in reality abould be Riley will of course, have no bearing on the case of the convicted murderer, John F. Greening, it is said that the prosecution were in possession of all the facts in the matter before the trial, but attached no importance to them.

A JUROR SERKING A BRIBE.

CINCINNATI, March 27 .- Judge Johnston, in the Court of Common Pleas this afternoon, stopped the trial of a case before him with the announcement that he bloycle riding is commendable. With the nid of a few more seasible editors to back us up, we will soon be able to enjoy our rights as well as the carriage-riders in the "people's pleasure grounds." Keep it up! Oplose the few who ride behind victous horses.

See Fork, March 27, 1884.

See In Pundy.

See In Pundy.

See Fork, March 27, 1884.

See In Indiana Announcement the manual engagement of the March and Minnie Newington. They represented them had been informed that He had been in

her case. She declined to give anything. The judge put Meyers under guard and will probably decide upon his

DEVASTATION BY WATER: THE BURSTED ANSONIA DAM.

DAMAGE TO THE AMOUNT OF \$250,000-AMPLE WARNING OF THE DISASTER.

IBY THEBGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. Ansonia, Conn., March 27 .- Word was no ceived here yesterday as early as 2 p. m., to the effect that Quillinan's Dam at Beaver Lake, about a mile and a half above this place, appeared to be succumbing to the force of an unusually large body of water. On the stream below the lake are located a number of manufacturing establishments, the power for which is supplied from three other dams. In those factories and throughout Ansonia all was excitement and blarm when this news arrived. From all sides men rushed to the dam, in the hope of averting the threatened calamity, and threw stones and other materials into the water at the place where the granite work appeared to be yielding. The flood gates were

Neither measure was of any avail. The little stream of water from the face of the dam steadily increased in size, until, at four o'clock, the whole structure gave way, and the immense body of water swept down the little valley with a deafening roar and a force which swept away everything in its path. Fortunately the people in the factories and houses in the course of the flood had received sufficient warning of the impending disaster to seek safety on high ground. The torrent that burst from the dam opening was five feet high, and about three nundred feet

The first building struck and instantly swept away in ruins was the factory owned by Dana Bartholomew, and occupied by the Derby Bit Company. The operatives had occupied by the Derby Bit Company. The operatives had just beat a hasty retreat from the premises to places of safety, their departure being so hurried that many of them left behind their tools and wearing apparel. The power of the flood was so great that the reavy iron machinery in the shop and large portions of the brick walls were swept along a distance of several hundred feet. A long piece of shafting, weighing about a ton, was hurled against a big hickory tree with such force that it was bent around the trunk in the shape of a horse shoe. Several small shops, dwellings and barns, and two dams were then demolished by the torrent. A stone arched bridge in Main-st, and a culvert also succumbed. The railroad track was made impassable. The water then spread out over the meadows.

impassable. The water then spread out over the meadows.

Excitement and anxiety prevailed until it became positively known late in the evening that no person had been killed. Those rendered nomeless by the complete or partial destruction of their houses were promptly given shelter by their neighbors. The total loss will undoubtedly reach \$250,000. The water company and bit shop alone estimate their losses at \$100,000. The scene of the flood was visited by thousands to-day from all parts of the State. They found seaver Brook but an ordinary four-foot stream. They could hardly conceive how it could become the engine of destruction that it was yesterday.

ANOTHER CREVASSE IN LOUISIANA

NEW-ORLEANS, March 27 .- A dispatch to The Times-Democrat from Port Allen says: A crevasse occurred at the Australia plantation, fifteen miles below becourred at the Australia piantation, fifteen miles below here, at 8 o'clock this morning, and is now thirty feet wide and five feet deep. An effort will be made to close it. The backwater is rising steadily, and only a narrow strip of dry land is left behind the levees. The prospect of Government rations has already caused some demoralization among the laborers.

Appeals for supplies of material to be used in protecting the levees are received duly by the State authorities from many points. The reported destruction of the Scott levee is unfounded.

WINTER TAKING LEAVE.

BISMARCK, March 26 .- The ice broke in the river here at 1 o'clock this afternoon and is now moving out without causing damage. The steamboats are all in safe places and, as the ice is rotten, no fears for their are entertained. The officials of the Northern Pacific Railroad report that all the snow is gone from the racine Rairoad report that at the sabs is also stated prairies, and that no water is standing upon them. It is reported here from the Yellowstone Division of the Northern Paoine Railroad that an engine and ten freight ears went down with one bridge, and that several other bridges have been washed out.

BATH, Me., March 27.-When the ice went out of the Kennebec last night it tore up the railroad track badly and carried off lumber valued at nearly \$30,000. CONTOCCOOK, N. H., March 27.-The river has risen two feet since last night as the lowlands are widely

AN EARTHQUAKE IN GEORGIA. BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

Macon, Ga., March 27,-News comes from the interior of Laurens County of an earthquake which set many people of that county to praying. The cor-respondent says that he was awakened by the shock, which caused the house to tremble as if a heavy freight train was passing, but no explosion was heard. J. C. Scarborough says that the movement began with a noise like distant thunder, with two or three peals in the west, like distant thunder, with two or three peals in the west, or northwest, and then a loud rumbling or roaring sound, which seemed to come nearer until the jar, or quaking, was felt sensibly; and that from the time he first heard the explosion until the house ceased to shake, was, perhaps, two minutes. All teatify that it was not a jarring of the house but a real shaking. Whether it was the explosion of a meteor or sometoing more terrible, it was certainly different from anything ever felt in the county before. Persons from anything every fiften rules cast reake about the same reanything ever feit in the county before. Persons from neighborhoods fifteet miles east make about the same re-port. One man, having a fear of a cyclone, had a fear-ful dream of one approaching, and woke to find his house shaking and; windows clattering. The sky was clear, and none of the people saw any flash of light such as some-times accompanies explosions of various bodies.

DENVER STRUCK BY A TORNADO.

DENVER, March 27.-The most disastrons wind-storm known to many years struck this city this morning at 10 o'clock, and at this hour (9 p. m.), continues with unabated fury. Many of the finest buildings in the city, including the City Hall, and the Moffatt and Hassler and Symes and Clifford blocks were anouste and massier and symes and clifford blocks were unroofed. Signs and awnings were torn down and scat-tered everywhere. For several consecutive hours the wind maintained a velocity of sixty miles an hour. Sey-eral persons were injured, but none fatally. Telegraphic communication with outside towns has been interrupted. It is impossible to estimate the loss at present.

THE FIELD OF POLITICS.

DECLINING A RENOMINATION. BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., March 27 .- The withdrawal of Governor Hamilton as a candidate for renomination surprised his friends in this city, his old home, although the general opinion is that under the efreum stances he pursued a wise policy in leaving the field clear to ex-Governor Oglesby. His friends here think that Hamilton's letter was written in a spirit of magnainity and loyalty to his party. The result will be to strengthen him in this State.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION IN JERSEY CITY. The Jersey City Democratic City Convention yesterday to nominate a candidate for Mayor was a tame affair. There was none of the customary fighting and swearing. Some contesting delegations which were known to be opposed to the nomination of Dr. John D. McGill were summarily excluded, the doctor's ad-D. Modell were summartly excluded, the doctor's adherents having gained entire control of the machinery. Ex-Attorney-General Robert Glichrist was elected chairman. The candidates named were John D. McGill, F. G. Wolbert and James Stevens. On the first ballot McGill received 50 votes, Wolbert 5 and Stevens 3, and the nomination of McGill was made unanimous.

LONG ISLAND NOMINATIONS.

Long Island Republicans have just made these nominations: Newtown,F. T. Covert for supervisor; Oyster Bay, John L. Bogert for supervisor, William F. Johnson for collector, and Charles Colyer for justice of the peace; Southold, Franklin H. Overton for supervisor The Democrats of Southold have put Henry A. Reeves in nomination for supervisor. Ebenezer Kellum, who was nominated by the Democrats of Hempstrad for supervisor, declines the nomination, and it is understood that no other nomination will be made. In Jamaica the Democrats have been unable to find a candidate for supervisor in the place of George H. Crud, who declined.

IN FAVOR OF COLLECTOR ROBERTSON. Nelson McCutchen, Joseph B. Brown, Winfield S. Bird and Warren C. Brown were last evening electedidelegates to the 1st Assembly District Convention by the Republicans of the Tarrytown district. They favor sending Collector Robertson and George W. Parsons to the National Convention.

INSTRUCTED FOR BLAINE. WILKESBARRE, March 27 .- The Republican Senatorial Conference of the XXIst District shose G. L. Hulsey, of Whitehaven, as delegate to the State Convention to-day. The delegate was instructed to use his influence for Blame for President and H. B. Payne for Congressman-at-Large.

THE KANSAS DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION TOPEKA, March 27 .- The Democratic State Central Committee have called a State Convention for May 28, to elect delegates to the National Convention.

A DEMOCRATIC STRONGHOLD CAPTURED. FARMINGTON, N. H., March 27 .- This town, which for years has given a large Democratic majority, elected to-day the entire Republican ticket, after a highly exciting contest.

A WEDDING IN BROOKLYN. Miss Carrie Louise Torrey was married to

test Episcopal Church, at Lafayette-ave, and St. James Place, Brooklyn. The Rev. Charles H. Homer, the rector, read the service. Henry Hood, the groom's brother, was the best man. The unhers were Charles Torrey, Bertram the best man. The unners were charles forty, but and the Hood, Charles Frost and Howard Nyman. Miss Annie Hood, the groom's sister, was maid of honor, and Harry Huntingdon and Miss Lulu Hood followed the ushers. The brid's dress of cream saths was trimmed with pearls and lace. A small reception was held.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS. WASHINGTON, March 27 .- For New-England, warmer fair weather, preceded in Maine by diminishing resterly winds and higher barometer.

For the Middle Atlantic States, fair weather, slight all followed by rising temperature, northerly winds shifting to southeasterly. For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, generally warmer

and partly cloudy weather, local rains, increasing southand party clondy weather, local rains, increasing souther casterly winds veering to southerly, and in western part local storms.

For the Lower Lake region, generally warmer and fair weather, followed in western part by local rains and variable winds shifting to westerly.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. HOURS: Morning. Night. 1234567891011 

The diagram shows the barometrical variations in this city by teaths of inches. The perpendicular lines give divisions of time for the it house proceeding indicated. The transplay white line represents the seelf-inition by the mercury during those hours. The broken or detted line represents the radiations in becausersture, as indicated by the thermometer of flow not's Pharmacy, tis Broadway.

TRIBUNE OFFICE, March 28.-1 a. m .- During the fair and clear weather of vesterday the movement in the barometer was upward. The temperature ranged between 45° and 56°, the average (47°s°) being 5°s° higher than on the corresponding day last year and 1° lower than on Wednesday.

Clear and fair weather, with slight changes in temperature, may be expected to-day in this city and vicinity.

TEXAN BANK ROBBERS SURPRISED.

THEIR PLOT ANTICIPATED-A WARM RECEPTION-ONE KILLED-ANOTHER TAKEN. GALVESTON, March 27 .- A dispatch to The News from Wichita Falls says: A daring attempt to rob

J. G. James's bank was made yesterday afternoon by Charles E. Bagley, Wiley Hayes, Frank Parmenter and John Kinkald, a Texan ranger, the last named acting with the robbers for the purpose of trapping them. The proprietor of the bank had been informed of the scheme, and Sergeant Grimes was stationed in the vault. The robbers rode up to the bank and Bagley and Kinkaid entered, the former smoking a pipe. Hayes and Parmen-ter held the horses outside. Bagley covered the cashier, Ashby James, with a six-shooter, and commanded him to place all the money in a bag. James langhed at the idea, and his hilarity enraged Bagley, who, with an oath, presented his pistol at the cashier's heart.

Sergeant Grimes, who saw the proceedings from the Sergeant Grimes, who saw the proceedings from the vanit, instantly fired the contents of a double-barrelled shot-gun into Bagley, and Kinkait followed with his revolver. Bagley stargered and fell, with a builet in his forehead and a load of buckshot in his breast. A book agent named Weare, who happened to be in the bank, rushed out past Parmenter and emptied his pistol at him. The teller of the bank, who was stationed in the store opposite, thinking Weare was one of the robbers, held him at the muzzle of his Wincaester ribe. One of the mea with the horses was captured. He did not flinch under the fire of the officers. Batley lived several hours after being shot. A coroner's jury was impanelled, and a verdict of justifiable homicide was returned. One of the incors was a brother-in-law of the notorious James boys. Bagley had in his pocket a letter of membership in the Baptist Church.

Lundborg's Perfume, Edeata Lundborg's Perfume, Marechai Niel Rosa, Lundborg's Perfume, Alpine Violet, Lundborg's Perfume, Lily of the Vallay.

Burnett's Coconine kills dandruff, allays irritation, and promotes the vigorous growth of hair.

MARRIED. GODDARD-WINSLOW-On Westnesday, March 26, by the Rev. Charles E. Parkhurst, Geraldine A., youngest daugh-ter of the late Richard H. Wlusiow, to J. Warren Goddard. ter of the late Richard H. Mississ, Warris 27, at the RailRis—GOODENOUOH—On Thursday, March 27, at the residence of the bride's parents, in Brooklyn, by the Rev. W. L. Phillips, assisted by A. S. Hunt, D. D. William Har-ris to May, daughter of Mr. Edward Goodenough.

RIDDLE-NEWHALL-On Thursby, March 27, by the Rev. Erakha N. White D. D., James T. Riddle to Helens M., daughter of Mr. L. Crawford Newhall. All notices of marriages must be indersed with full

DIED.

ARMSTRONG—Suddenly, at the residence of his semin-law, William R. Stewart, on Thursday morning, March 27, 1884, John A. Armstrong of Baltamore.
The remains will be taken to Baltimore for interment.
BULLARD—On Wednesday morning, at 5 o'clock, March 28, of pncumonia, Jane E., wife of the late John Bullard, of Brooklyb, N. Y.
Funeral from her residence, 25 East 30th-st., on Friday, at 2 n.

p. m.

CAMP-In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, March 26, Samuel K.

Camp, in the 64th year of his age.

Funoral services at his late residence, 257 Lafayette-ave., on Friday, March 28, at 4 p. m.

Interment at Nowington, Conn.

CUMMINS-At Goshen, N. Y., March 26, Colonel Francis M.

Cummins, Funeral from Presbyterian Church, Goahen, at 2 p. m., Friday,

March 28.

ENO—In this city, on Tuesday evening, March 25, Anna M., second daughter of Amos R. Eno.

Funeral on Friday, at Sinsbury. Connecticut.

Train leaves Grand Central Depot at S.a. m.

GWYNNE—Tuesday, March 26, Margaret, third daughter of John A. and Mary E. Gwynne.

Funeral services will be hold at the residence of her parents, 12 West 48th-5t. Friday March 28, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Friends will kindly omit flowers.

Friends will kindly omit flowers.

HOWELL—At Newark, N.J., Thursday, March 27, 1884,
Lucetta Banks, wife of William A. Howell, and daughter of
Roberts Gound.

KNAPP-At Newburg, Orange County, N.Y., on Wednesday, 26th Inst., Anna L., danghter of the late Jeremiah L. Knapp. Notice of fuseral hereafter.

Notice of fuseral hereafter.

MARSH—At Etna Mills, Cal., March 21, 1884; of pneumonia, the Rev. John Talimadge Marsh, son of the late Rev. John Marsh, D. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y. John Marsh, D. D., of Brooklyn, N. Y.
RUSHIMORE—In this city on the 27th inst. Mrs. Huldah
E. Rushimore, widow of the late William Rushimore, of
Brooklyn, in the 90th year of her age.
Funeral services will be beid on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock,
at the residence of her son-in-law, the Rev. T. H. Burck, No.
817 East 11sthet. New York.
Interment at Greenwood Cemetery, Saturday morning.
BCHELL—Augustus Schell on the morning of March 27, 1884,
in the 72d year of his age.
Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the
funeral services, at his residence. 9 West 34th-st., at 2 p. m.
on Saturday 29th inst.
Interment at Woodlawn.
Special train will leave the Grand Central Depot at 3:15 p. m.
Please omit Howers.

Flease omit howers.

WHITE—On the 26th March, 1884, Mary, widow of William W. White, and daughter of the late William Green, in the Slat year of her age.

Funeral services on Sunday, March 30, at her late residence, 808 Main-st., Foughkeepste, N. Y.

Special Notices.

At a meeting of the Managers of the NEW-YORK INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND held on the 27th day o' March,
1884, the following resolutions were passed:
Received, That we the Managers of the New-York institution for the Blind, have met togatier to express our sincers
sorrow at the greations which this Institution has antained
by the death of the lare President. Mr. Augustins Schell,
Mr. Schell has neen connected with this Institution, either
as Manager, Treasurer, or President, for more than thirty
years, during all which time his unremitting attention to its
welfare, his simple and kindly manners, generous disposition,
ans upright character, have won for him the warm regard of
na, his associates; and to his high ability careful foresight,
and judicious management, this Institution is largely indebted for its present prosperity.
Resolved, That these resolutions be entered upon the minmuca, and a copy engrossed and for warded to his namity.
Resolved, That this Board will attend the funeral.

Artistic Memoriaus.

The NEW ENGLAND GRANTES WORKS, Hartford, Dank Quarries and Workshops, Westerly, R. L.

Pine nontinental and a lifting work in grants. Drawing adoptimates garnished without oakers. Oprosponlage in Botted, N. Y. Office, L. St. B. Way, C. W. CANFIELD, Art.

Non-offensive to the most refused, a upparted to LACES GLOVES and NOTE PAPER, by MASSEYS FLOREN TINE VIOLET ORRIS, originated by CASWELL, MASSEY & CO., Chemisis, 1,121 Broadway and 578 5th-ave., N. Y.

of all nations and all different for sale; either the whole collection or singly, at lower than anothen sales rates, send for lists at once. Address A. G. T. Tribune Office.

Pricents.—T. H. ALEXANDER, of Washington, will be at 27 Union Square (Blauchard Electric Light Office to-day and to-morrow, from 11 a. m. to 4 p. m., to most oid or new citents, concerning patent hitigation or the purchasing of patents.

Letters for Europe need not be specially directed for dis-patch by any particular stomer in order to secure speedy de-tivery at destination, as all transationtic mails are forwarded by the destination, as all transationtic mails are forwarded for the destination of the week ending March 20 will close at this

by the fastest vessels available.

Foreign mails for the week ending March 20 will close at this office as follows:

FRIDAY—ALT30 p. m. for Vera Cruz direct, per s. s. Whitney, via New-Orleans.

SATURDAY—ALT30 p. m. for the West Indies, via St. Thomas, for Brazil, and the La Flata countries, via Brazil, per s.s. dvance, via Newport News: at 4a m. for Europe, per s. a Oregon, via Queenstown lictors for Germany, etc., must be directed "per Oregon"; at 4a m. for Sectiand direct, per s. s. Boltria, via Glasgow Getters must be directed "per Boltria"); at 4a m. for Belgium direct, per s. s. Westernland, via Antwerp; at 10 a.m. for Forto Rico direct, per s. a Neckar, via Southampton and Bremen lieters for Great Britain and other Entropean countries must be directed "per Nockar"; at 12 m. for Europe, per s. a. City of Chicago, via Queenstown; at 1:30 p. m. for Othe and Forto Rico, per s. a Negara, via Havana.

Mails for China and Japan. per s. s. City of Tokio via San Francisco), close here April "5 at 6 p. m. for on arrival at New-York of s. s. City of Berlin with British mails for Australia).

"The schedule of closing of trans-Pacific mails is arranged on

The schedule of closing of trans-Pacific mails is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit to San Francisco. Mails from the East arriving on that at San Francisco on the day of sailing of steamers are dispatched thence the same day.

[FENRY G. PEA ISON Postmator.] HENRY G. PEARSON. Postmisstat. Post Office. New-York, N. Y., March 21, 1884.

Rendy This Morning. THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

Price in wrapper (ready for mailing), 3 cents per copy.
One copy, one year, \$2.50; ten copies and an extra, \$2.5.

Fostage in all cases free to the subscriber.

THE TRIBUNE, New-York. William A. Hood last evening in the St. James's Protes-